Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number:	NR-II-OIT
Name: Devil's Packton	e Pouder.
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The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.

MARYLAND HISTO Eligibility Recommended X	RICAL TRUST Eligibility Not Recommended							
Criteria:AB \(\sum_CD \) Considerations: _	_A	B_	c _	_D_	_E_	F _	_G_	_None
Comments:								
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder			Dat	e:3 .	April	2001_		
Reviewer, NR Program:Peter E. Kurtze			Dat	e:3	April	2001_		

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MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION/MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

Name and SHA No. _Devil's Backbone Bridge (21039)_

Location: Street/Road name and r	number {facility carrie	ed] _ <i>MD 68 over</i>	Beaver Cree	<u>k_</u>
City/town <i>Boonsboro</i> _		V :	icinity <i>X</i> _	
County <u>Washington</u>				
This bridge projects ove	er: Road Rai	lway W	ater _ <i>X</i>	Land
Ownership: State2	County	Municipal		Other
	ed district strict	National Registe Other	er eligible dis	strict
Bridge Type:				
Timber Bridge: Beam Bridge	Truss-Covered	Trestle	Timber-Ar	nd Concrete
Stone ArchX_				
Metal Truss Bridge				
Movable Bridge: Swing: Vertical Lift	Bascule Si Retractile		Bascule N Pontoon _	Multiple Leaf
Metal Girder: Rolled Girder Plate Girder		der Concrete Enca er Concrete Enca		
Metal Suspension				
Metal Arch				
Metal Cantilever				
Concrete: Concrete Arch	Concrete Slab	Concrete Be	eam	Rigid Frame
Other	Type Name			

Description: Describe Setting:

This bridge carries Maryland Route 68 over Beaver Creek in a predominantly rural setting approximately 3 miles north of Keedysville. The bridge lies at the mouth of Beaver Creek at its intersection with Little Antietam Creek. Little Antietam Creek runs parallel to the south side of MD 68. North of MD 68, on the west bank of Beaver Creek, the land rises sharply. The west bank of the creek is relatively flat.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure: (Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

This structure is a single span stone arch bridge constructed of coursed limestone. The span has been severely modified by repairs. Both west wingwalls and the southeast wingwall have been reinforced with 2 foot thick concrete walls. The northeast wingwall has been strengthened by the addition of a large steel I beam. Several stones are missing from the south elevation arch, and severe scouring has been repaired by the addition of grout bags.

This bridge has a sufficiency rating of: 48.6

Discuss major alterations:

The grout bags were placed at the abutments in February of 1996 due to flooding damage. The wingwall alterations noted above were not yet performed in 1975, when, according to MHT records, the bridge was in excellent condition.

History:

When Built:

ca. 1824

Why Built:

Unknown

Who Built:

Jabez Kenney

Who Designed: Unknown

Why Altered:

due to deterioration and safety concerns

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: no

Surveyor Analysis:

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

X A Events B Person

X C Engineering/Architectural Character

Was bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

Bridge No. 21039 is significant as an early span on Lappans Road (MD 68) between Williamsport and Boonsboro, where it connected with the National Road (Old U.S. 40).

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

The bridge helped provide a transportation link which was important to local and regional growth during the nineteenth century. This bridge is near the site of Booth's Mill, which was on the west bank of the Antietam, and was served by this bridge.,

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

The area surrounding the bridge has no potential for designation as a historic district.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

The bridge is a significant example of an early 19th century stone masonry arch bridge, however, its integrity is severely compromised.

Does the bridge retain integrity of important elements described in Context Addendum?

No. Major alterations and repairs have significantly impaired the integrity of materials, design, and workmanship of this structure.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer and why?

Unknown.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and why?

No further evaluation is necessary to complete the National Register evaluation of this bridge.

Provide black and white prints and negatives and color slides of bridge, details, and setting labeled according to NR Bulletin 16A and Maryland Supplement to Bulletin 16A.

Provide a photocopy of USGS map illustrating the location of the bridge.

Surveyor:		
Name:	David C. Berg	Date: <u>08/26/97</u>
Organization:	Greenhorne & O'Mara	
Address:	9001 Edmonston Road	Telephone: (410) 982-2800
	Greenbelt, MD 20770	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T	TO COMPLETE NATIONA	L REGISTER FORM	S
1 NAME	TYPE ALL ENTRIES	COMPLETE APPLICABLE	SECTIONS	
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HISTORIC				
AND/OR COMMON	k Bridge on Route 68			
	kbone Bridge			
2 LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER				
Route 68 at	Mouth of Beaver Cree	k	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	_	······································	CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
Northwest of	Boonsboro	VICINITY OF		
STATE Maryland		CODE	COUNTY Washington	CODE
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PREC	ENT USE
DISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	MUSEUM PARK
X_STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	XTRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	_OTHER:
4 OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME		·		-
STREET & NUMBER	te Highway Administat	tion		
301 West Pre	atom Charact			
CITY, TOWN	ston Street			
Baltimore		VICINITY OF	STATE Marvil and	
	OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF	Maryland	
PATOCYLION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	TC.	•		
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY TOWN				
CITY, TOWN		-	STATE	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXISTI	NG SURVEYS		
TITLE				
DATE				
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DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	

—PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 X_1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORICARCHEOLOGY-HISTORICAGRICULTURE X_ARCHITECTUREART X_COMMERCECOMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION SENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER XTRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DATI	ES 1824	BUILDER/ARC	HITECT Jabez Kenne	ey .

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Devil's Backbone Bridge is significant for its architecture, as an example of the engineering abilities of early 19th century bridge builders and for its contribution to commerce and transportation from 1824 to the present.

Architecturally, the structure represents a type of bridge which was used rather extensively in Washington County and nearby Franklin County, Pa. Outside these two counties which comprise the lower Cumberland Valley, stone arch bridges are not common. According to historians, stone arch bridges because of their greater durability were used for the National Pike at the insistence of the Maryland legislature. It is presumed that stone arch bridges were used on other major roads in the county for the same reason. Possibly the use of stone for bridges is parallel to the extensive use of stone as a building material for houses and barns and other structures during the early 19th century in the Cumberland Valley. The stone bridges, most of which were built between 1820 and 1850, do appear to reflect a major architectural trend in Washington County. This bridge said to have been built in 1824 is relatively early, being one of the first structures completed after the 1819 five-arch bridge which carried the National Pike across the Conococheague Creek.

The bridges provide evidence of the engineering abilities of the bridge builders. Accommodating traffic of a much greater volume than they were designed to carry, the bridges, most of which are still in used in Washington County, are monuments to the engineering capabilities of the early19th century bridge builders. This bridge is the only span in the county known to have been built by Jabez Kenney. The Lloyds of Pennsylvania, a bridge building firm, George and John Weaver and Silas Harry were responsible for most of the county's bridges.

Devil's Backbone Bridge is also significant for its contribution to commerce and transportation since 1824. Like many of Washington County's stone arch bridges, it was constructed near a mill where a fording and bridge site had long been established. The mill in the vicinity of this bridge was Booth's Mill on the west bank of the Antietam. The bridge would have facilitated access and aided in transportation of goods to and from the mill. Grist milling was a major part of the economy in Washington County causing the mills to be important centers of trade as well as places for social gatherings. It appears that many of the early roads inthe County were those that led to the mills and it was those roads which received the stone arch bridges.

1824

The Devil's Backbone Bridge is a single arch stone structure which carries Maryland Route 68 across Beaver Creek at Devil's Backbone near the site of Booth's Mill. The structure is built of coursed limestone with one large semental arch lined with carefully cut stone. The bridge has a high center, its walls rising to a peak over the arch. The parapets are topped with a concrete coping.

Although no records have been found which reveal the cost or specifications for this bridge, secondary sources claim it was built by Jabez Kenney in 1824.

Architecturally, the bridge is significant as an example of the type of bridges built in Washington County and nearby Franklin County, Pennsylvania, during the first half of the 19th century. This bridge is one of the first structures completed after the 1819 five-arch bridge which carried the National Pike across the Conococheague Creek. It is also the only known span in the county to have been built by Jabez Kenney. Accomodating traffic of a much greater volume than it was designed to carry, the bridge is a monument to the engineering capabilities of the early 19th century bridge builders. Devil's Backbone Bridge is one of six historic stone bridges—part of Maryland's state road system in Washington County, and one of 10 stone bridges throughout the entire state road network—identified by the Maryland Historical Trust for the Maryland Department of Transportation in a jointly conducted survey which took place during 1980-81.

WA-II-017 District 6

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

MACI #2206873317

NOMINATION FORM for the NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

	Beaver Creek Bridge on Route 68									
	AND/OR HISTORIC: Devil's Backbone Bridge									
2.	LOCATION									
	northwest of Boor	nsboro								
	STATE			COUNTY:						
	Maryland		1	Washing	ton					
3.	CLASSIFICATION									
	CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP	_	STATUS	ACCESSIBL TO THE PUBL				
	☐ District ☐ Building ☐ Site ☑ Structure ☐ Object	☑ Public ☐ Privote ☐ Both	Public Acquisiti		Occupied Unaccupied Preservation work	Yes: Restricted Unrestricte No				
		<u> </u>			in pragress					
	PRESENT USE (Check One or M									
	1 = 1] Park	S	Transpartation	Comments				
		. —] Privote Resider	nce [Other (Specify)					
	—	• •	☐ Educational ☐ Military ☐ Religious							
	☐ Entertainment ☐ Museum ☐ Scientific									
4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY	S⊕um	Scientific							
4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: State Highway Adm	ninistration	Scientific							
Ø	OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: State Highway Adm STREET AND NUMBER: 300 West Preston	ninistration	Scientific							
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7. DESCRIPTION					(Check One)		
		⊠ Excellent	☐ Good	☐ Fair	Deteriorated	Ruins	Unexposed
CONDITION		(Check O	ne)		(Che	eck One)	
		☑ Alte	r•d<50%	☐ Uncitered	:	☐ Moved	Original Site

This single arch stone bridge carries Maryland Route 68 across
Beaver Creek at Devil's Backbone near the site of Booth's Mill in
Washington County, Md.

According to secondary sources the bridge was built by Jabez Kenney in 1824. No records have been found which reveal the cost or specifications for this bridge. The structure is built of coursed limestones with one large segmental arch lined with carefully cut stone. The bridge has a high center, its walls rising to a peak over the arch. The parapets are topped with a concrete ledge.

Northwest of this bridge is a three-arch span over the Antietam, the Booth's Mill Bridge (WA-II-009), and Devil's Backbone County

Park (Wa-II-036). Between the Antietam and Beaver Creeks is an unusual geological formation known as Devil's Backbone.

This bridge appears to be in good to excellent condition and has received little alteration other than maintenance and the resurfacing of Route 68.

ERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		 .
Pre-Calumbian	☐ 16th Century	☐ 18th Century	20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	2 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(\$) (If Applical	ble and Known) 1824		
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropr	iate)	
Abar iginal	☐ Education	☐ Palitical	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
☐ Historic	industry industry	lasaphy	
☐ Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	☐ Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Sacial/Human-	
⊠ Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	☐ Theater	
Conservation	Music	∑ Transpartation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

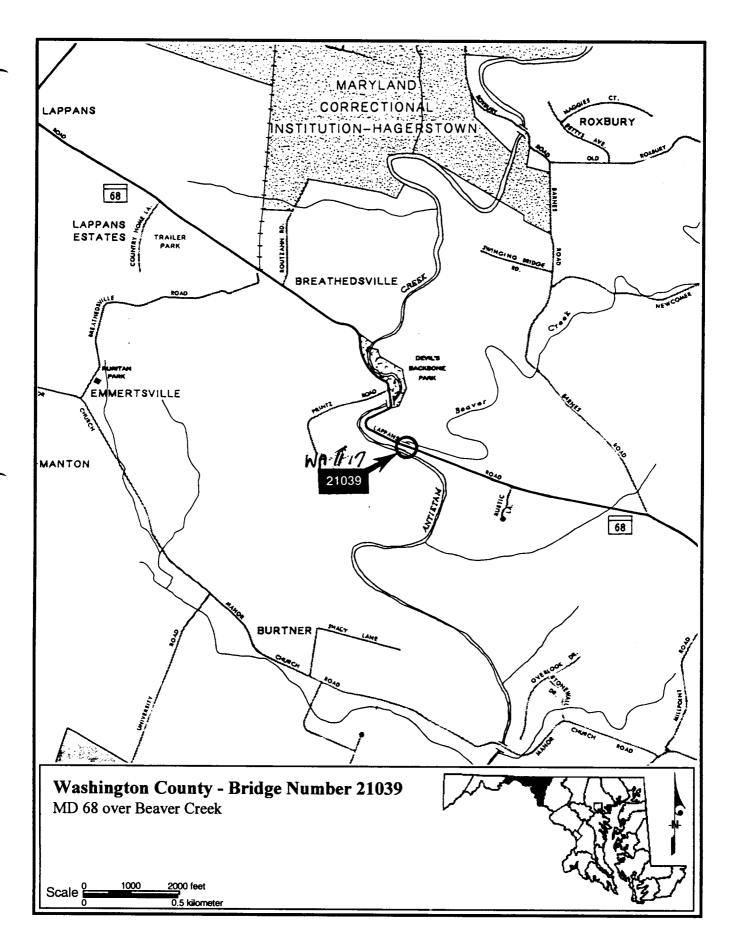
The Devil's Backbone bridge is significant for its architecture, as an example of the engineering abilities of early 19th century bridge builders and for its contribution to commerce and transportation from 1824 to the present.

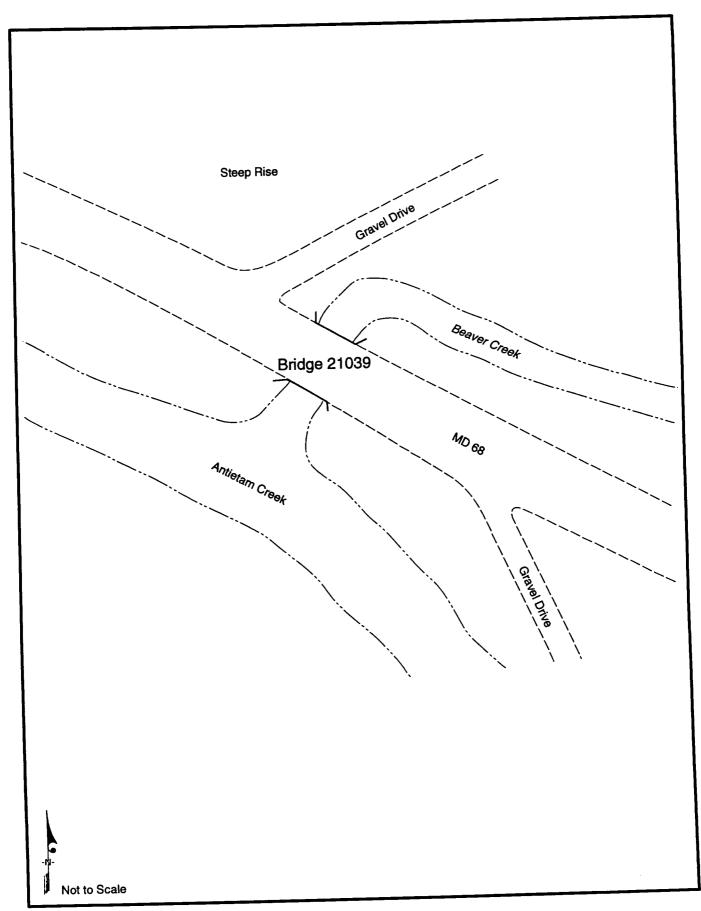
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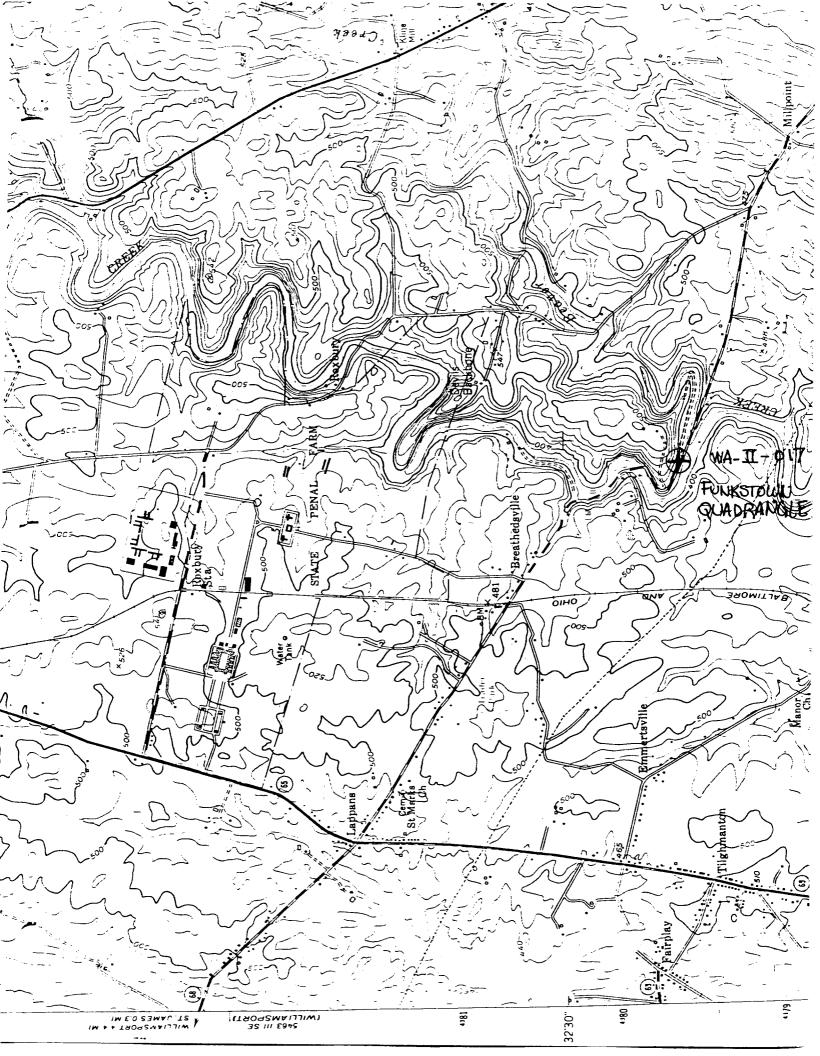
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Devil's Backbone bridge is also significant for its contribution to commerce and transportation since 1824. Like many of Washington County's stone arch bridges, it was constructed near a mill where a fording and bridge site had long been established. The mill in the vicinity of this bridge was Booth's Mill on the west bank of the Antietam. The bridge would have facilitated access and aided in transportation of goods to and from the mill. Grist milling was a major part of the economy in Washing-County causing the mills to be important centers of trade as well as places for social gatherings. It appears that many of the early roads in the County were those that led to the mills and it was those roads which received the stone arch bridges.

		1 05	FERENCES								
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	, Helen Asho ns, 1910.	≥, <u>Tl</u>	ne Antietam a	ind	<u>lt:</u>	s Bridg	<u>es</u> , Ne	w York	: G. P.	. Putn	am s
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WA-II-017 Devil's Backbone Bridge (21839) WAShington County, Maryland DAVID Berg 8/97 Maryland State Highway Administration West Elevation 1 cf 5



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